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EXAMINER

ABDI, KAMBIZ

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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3621

DATE MAILED: 10/22/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/163,993

Applicant(s)

ANANDA, MOHAN

Examiner

Kambiz Abdi

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 June 2003.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1,3,4,6,7,10,12-14,18-21,23-25,27-29,31-34,36,39 and 41-81 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1,3,4,6,7,10,12-14,18-21,23-25,27-29,31-34,36,39 and 41-81 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
- Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on _____ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.
- If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
- a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _____
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: _____

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DETAILED ACTION

1. The prior office actions are incorporated herein by reference. In particular, the observations with respect to claims language, and responses to presented arguments.

- Claims 44, 64, and 65 are canceled.
- Claims 1, 18-19, 32, 36, 41-44, 52-53, 57-58, 60, 62, 68-69, 74, and 79-80 are amended.
- Claims 1, 3, 4, 6, 7, 10, 12-14, 18-21, 23-25, 27-29, 31-34, 36, 39 and 41-81 are pending.

Claim Objections

1. Claim 42 is objected to because of the following informalities: Applicant has claimed both "system" and "method" claims in a single claim. This is in appropriate claim language applicant can not claim both in a single claim. Appropriate correction is required.

Response to Amendment

2. Applicant's arguments filed on 26 June 2003 with respect to independent claims 1, 32, 42, 63, and 74 have been considered but they are not persuasive.

3. Applicant has presented an amendment that does not substantially modify or change the claims as they were presented in the previous applicant's response as it was filed on 10 September 2003. All the modification has been in order to incorporate part of the dependent claims, which has been deleted therefrom and incorporated within the independent claims. The previous arguments put forward by the applicant in response filed on 10 September 2002 has already been addressed by the previous office action dated 31 January 2003 by the previous examiner. Therefore, examiner will only address the argument specifically put forward by the applicant in the most recent amendment filed on 26 June 2003. Examiner will try to further clarify the position taken by the previous examiner and expand on the response to the currently amended claims.

4. Applicant alleges that the claimed invention is the direct control of printing by the "vault" in a value bearing information indicia. It is clear by figures 1, 3, 4, and 5 and their associated text as well as text in column 24, claim 20 of Talmadge, "means for disabling said host module from activating said printing means to print said indicia unless said vault module is coupled thereto" (emphasis added) is disclosed

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which would appear to mean that printing can be terminated (inherently monitoring printing or control of printing) after it has been activated. The language of Talmadge's claim 20 also suggests that the printing (Applicant's client software) is terminated when the link between the vault and host is not continuous. A rejection of Applicant's claims is essentially repeated below. It is well known in the postage metering and mail indicia printing systems that in order to make any printing of an value bearing indicia the vault has to be in communication with printing device for prevention of fraud.

5. Additionally the applicant admits in the remarks section of the amendment (page 12, lines 10-12) that Kara clearly references the need of direct communication between the vault and the printer and it is not necessary to terminate the communication. Therefore, it clearly suggest that the vault and the printer can stay in communication while the printing is taking place at printer to prevent fraudulent printing of additional value bearing indicia.

Therefore, the current examiner maintains the previous rejection of the claimed invention as they have been amended and presented in their current forms.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

7. Claims 1, 3, 4, 6, 7, 10, 12 – 14, 18 – 21, 23, 27, 32 – 34, 36, 39, 41 - 56, 58 - 60 and 68 - 81 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kara '739 in view of Talmadge '138.

8. Kara discloses a secure on-line printing method, comprising:

establishing a communication link between a first computer and a second computer (*i.e., claim 27, the step of "coupling said first system to a second processor-based system"*);

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executing a client software on said first computer, wherein said client software initiates a secure continuous communication link between said first computer and said second computer (*col. 6, lines 11-17; col. 11, lines 6-12 and 18-21*);

sending a request for value bearing information from said client software to said second computer (*i.e., claim 27, the step of "transmitting said demand from said first system to said second system"*); and

sending said value-bearing-information from said second computer to said first computer in response to said request (*i.e., claim 27, the step of "transmitting said data packet from said second system to said first system"*), while said communication link is continuous (*col. 11, lines 13-18*); and printing said value-bearing information while said secure continuous communication link persists (*col. 11, lines 6-12 and lines 18-21 and printing the desired postage indicia*).

Further, Kara discloses a secure on-line postage metering method comprising:

establishing a secure communication link between a user computer and a vendor computer (*i.e., claim 27, the step of "coupling said first system to a second processor-based system" and using an encryption module*);

providing a printer connected to said user computer (*printer 24*);

executing an on-line postage metering software on said user computer wherein said on-line postage metering software determines if said secure communication link between said first computer and said second computer is continuous (*col. 6, lines 11-17; col. 11, lines 6-12 and 18-21*);

said on-line postage metering software (*i.e., "Demand program"*) sending a request for a print authorization to said vendor computer (*i.e., claim 27, the step of "transmitting said demand from said first system to said second system"*);

said vendor computer accessing a database to verify fund availability to cover said request (*col. 13, lines 31-45*);

said vendor computer sending data elements for a postage indicium to said first computer as a response to said request (*i.e., claim 27, the step of "transmitting said data packet from said second system to said first system"*); and

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said on-line postage metering software sending a postage indicium graphic associated with said data elements to said printer while said secure continuous communication link persists (*i.e.*, “Demand program” decrypting the received data packet for printing and *col. 11, lines 6-12 and 18-21*)).

9. Regarding claim 1:

Kara does not explicitly disclose the steps of monitoring said secure continuous communication link between said first and said second computer and terminating said client software when said communication link is not continuous. However, Talmadge discloses the steps of monitoring said secure continuous communication link between said first and said second computer and terminating said client software when said communication link is not continuous to secure vault having electronic indicia (*e.g.*, *the system having means for disabling the host module from activating the print means to print said indicia unless said vault module is coupled thereto as claim 20 would inherently monitor whether the link between the vault module and the host module is continuous or not*). Thus, it would have been within the level of ordinary skill in the art to modify the method of Kara by adopting the teaching of Talmadge to further enhance the security of the claimed method.

10. Regarding claims 3 and 4:

Kara discloses said request and said value-bearing item information comprising encrypted data (*col. 6, lines 17-22*).

Regarding claim 6:

Kara discloses said value-bearing information comprising an image of a postal indicium (*col. 6, lines 40-42*).

11. Regarding claim 7:

Kara discloses said request comprising a postage amount (*col. 6, lines 4-7*).

12. Regarding claim 10:

Kara discloses that said sending said request is in response for said value bearing information to a command from a user (*col. 3, lines 16-19*).

13. Regarding claims 12 and 13:

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Kara discloses said second computer comprising a database containing user information, wherein said user information comprises financial information associated with said user (*col. 13, lines 31-45. It is well known in the art to keep user's credit or debit account in a database*).

14. Regarding claim 14:

Kara discloses said sending said request to said second computer further comprises accessing said user information to verify fund availability to cover said postage amount (*col. 13, lines 31-45*).

15. Regarding claim 18:

Kara does not explicitly disclose that said value-bearing information comprises disabling the print spooler of a printer connected to said first computer. However, Talmadge discloses the step of disabling the printer connected to said first computer to secure vault having electronic indicia (*e.g., claim 20*). Thus, it would have been within the level of ordinary skill in the art to modify the method of Kara by adopting the teaching of Talmadge to further enhance the security of the claimed method.

16. Regarding claim 19:

Kara discloses that said client software sending a print command to said printer when said communication link disconnects (*e.g., see FIG. 2*).

17. Regarding claims 20 and 21:

Kara discloses said value-bearing information comprising ticket information and said request comprises a ticket price (*col. 15, lines 27-32*).

18. Regarding claims 23 and 27:

Kara discloses that said second computer sends authorization to said first computer in response to said request, said second computer accessing said user's financial information to verify funds availability (*col. 13, lines 31-45. If proper funding is available, said second computer sends permission to said first computer to use the Meter program*).

19. Regarding claims 32, 36 and 41:

Kara does not explicitly disclose the step of terminating said online postage metering software when said communication link is not continuous, said on-line postage metering software disabling a print spooler of said printer, and said online postage metering software sending a print cancel command to

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said printer if said secure communication link is interrupted. However, Talmadge discloses the step of disabling the printer connected to said first computer to secure vault having electronic indicia (*e.g., claim 20*). Thus, it would have been within the level of ordinary skill in the art to modify the method of Kara by adopting the teaching of Talmadge to further enhance the security of the claimed method.

20. Regarding claims 33 and 34:

Kara discloses said online postage metering software sending a request comprising encrypting said request and said vendor computer sending said response comprising encrypting said response (*col. 6, lines 17-22*).

21. Regarding claim 39:

Kara discloses that said on-line postage metering software sending said request for said print authorization is in response to a command from a user (*col. 3, lines 16-19*).

22. Regarding claim 42:

Kara discloses a secure on-line postage management method comprising: establishing a secure continuous communication link between a client system and a server system (*col. 6, lines 11-22*);

said client system processing a user request for obtaining an indicium (*col. 6, lines 11-22*);

said client system securely communicating said user request to said server system (*col. 6, lines 11-22*);

said server system processing said user request (*col. 6, lines 37-43*);

said server system securely communicating to said client system a response to said user request (*col. 6, lines 11-22*);

said client system processing said response to obtain said indicium (*col. 6, lines 11-22, "decrypting the received data packet"*);

said client system obtaining said indicium while said secure continuous communication link persists (*col. 11, lines 6-12 and lines 18-21 and receiving data packet*); and

said client system printing said indicium while said secure continuous communication link persists (*col. 11, lines 6-12 and lines 18-21 and printing the desired postage indicia*). See also the rejection

"Regarding claim 1:" above.

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23. Regarding claim 43:

Kara discloses that said client system securely communicating with said server system comprises authenticating a user by establishing said secure communication link between said client system and said server system and verifying the authenticity of information exchanged; and continuously monitoring said secure communication link to verify said authenticity of information exchanged (*col. 6, lines 11-22, "utilizing cryptographic key sets"*).

24. Regarding claims 44 - 53:

Kara states the use of various security processes (*col. 6, lines 11-22*) without explicit disclosure of the specifically claimed features. However, the examiner takes official notice of both motive and modification necessary for these features. More specifically, these features are well known in the E-commerce art to prevent theft of confidential information (e.g., credit card or debit account number) or fraud. Thus, it would have been within the level of ordinary skill in the art to employ above well-known features for the system of Kara to prevent theft of confidential information (e.g., credit card or debit account number) or fraud.

25. Regarding claim 54:

Kara discloses that said server system processing said user request takes place in a public network (*"the Meter program"*) and a private network (*"the bank card company" of the user*) included within said server system.

26. Regarding claim 55:

Kara discloses that said public network processes (*"preparing data packet" by the "Meter program"*) user requests independently from a said private network (*col. 13, lines 49-50, "credit account maintained at the local site and transmitted with the indicia request"*) to protect the integrity of said server system.

27. Regarding claim 56:

Kara discloses that communication between said client system and said server system is encrypted (*col. 6, lines 11-22*).

28. Regarding claim 58:

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Kara does not explicitly disclose the step of disabling said client system from obtaining said indicium if said secure and continuous communication between client system and server system is discontinued. However, the examiner takes official notice of both motive and modification necessary for this feature. More specifically, these features are well known in the data processing art to transfer confidential data securely and the abrupt disconnection of a secure link signifies that there is a possibility of breaching of security transferring sensitive data. Thus, it would have been within the level of ordinary skill in the art to employ these well-known features for the system of Kara to prevent theft of confidential information (e.g., credit card or debit account number) or fraudulent use of postage.

29. Regarding claim 59:

Kara discloses that said private network processes said user requests for making payments (*col. 13, lines 49-50, "credit account maintained at the local site and transmitted with the indicia request"*).

30. Regarding claim 60:

Kara discloses that said private network processes said user requests for making payments further comprises communicating with a financial management system for verification of availability of funds and fund transfer (*col. 13, lines 49-50, "credit account maintained at the local site and transmitted with the indicia request"*).

31. Regarding claim 68:

Kara discloses maintaining said continuous communication link between said client system and said server system and retrieving said indicium from said server system (*col. 6, lines 11-22 and lines 39-43*).

32. Regarding claim 69:

Kara discloses a method having steps of establishing a secure continuous communication link between a client system and a server system (*col. 6, lines 11-17*), wherein said client system comprises client system software ("*Demand*" program); said client system software presenting one or more options for submitting at least one payment (*col. 13, lines 31-45*); submitting said at least one payment to said server system software while said secure continuous communication link persists (*col. 13, lines 25-30 and 31-45*); adding postage value corresponding to an amount of said at least one payment to a user account

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(col. 13, lines 25-30 and 31-45, i.e., credit account for later billing); and printing at least one indicia representative of said postage while said secure continuous communication link persists (col. 11, lines 6-12 and lines 18-21 and printing the desired postage indicia). See also the rejection "Regarding claim 1:" above.

33. Regarding claim 70:

Kara discloses the step of deducting said amount from said user account (col. 13, lines 25-30 and 31-45, i.e., deducted from the user's debit account).

34. Regarding claim 71:

Kara discloses that said deducting is performed upon authorization from said user (col. 13, lines 25-30 and 31-45, i.e., the user supplying certain information about the user's debit account).

35. Regarding claim 72:

Kara discloses said at least one payment comprising credit card data (col. 13, lines 25-30 and 31-50, i.e., bank card).

36. Regarding claim 73:

Kara discloses said at least one payment comprising electronic funds transfer data (col. 13, lines 25-30 and 31-50, i.e., bank card).

37. Regarding claim 74:

Kara discloses a computer program product having a computer readable medium having client system software (i.e., "a data communications program") embodied therein, said client system software configured to: establish a secure continuous communication link between a client system and a server system (col. 6, lines 11-17) comprising server system software (i.e., "a meter program"), wherein said client system comprises client system software (i.e., "Demand program") configured to present one or more options for submitting at least one payment (col. 13, lines 31-45); said client system configured to submit said at least one payment to said server system software while said continuous communication link persists between said client system and said server system (col. 6, lines 11-17; col. 13, lines 25-30 and 31-45, i.e., "a data communication program" processes information); said server system software configured to credit postage value corresponding to an amount of said at least one payment to a user

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account (*col. 6, lines 11-17; col. 13, lines 25-30 and 31-45, i.e., "a data communication program" processes information*); and said client system software printing at least one indicia representative of said postage value while said secure continuous communication link to said server system software persists (*col. 11, lines 6-12 and lines 18-21 and printing the desired postage indicia*). See also the rejection "Regarding claim 1:", above.

38. Regarding claim 75:

Kara discloses the computer program product comprising said client system software configured to deduct said amount from said user account (*col. 6, lines 11-17; col. 13, lines 25-30 and 31-45, i.e., "a data communication program processes information and deduction from the user's debit account"*).

39. Regarding claim 76:

Kara discloses that said submitting is performed by said client system software upon authorization from said user (*col. 6, lines 11-17; col. 13, lines 25-30 and 31-45, i.e., the user supplying certain information about the user's debit account and "a data communication program" processes information*).

40. Regarding claim 77:

Kara discloses said payment comprising credit card data (*col. 13, lines 25-30 and 31-50, i.e., bank card*).

41. Regarding claim 78:

Kara discloses said payment comprising electronic funds transfer data (*col. 13, lines 25-30 and 31-50, i.e., bank card*).

42. Regarding claim 79:

Kara discloses that said continuous communication link utilizes Internet protocols to transfer data (*col. 15, lines 19-21*).

43. Regarding claim 80:

Kara does not explicitly disclose that said client system software prohibits transmission if said secure continuous communication link fails authentication. However, the examiner takes official notice of both motive and modification necessary for this feature, More specifically, this feature is well known in the

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data processing art to transfer confidential data securely and the failure of authentication signifies that there is a possibility of transferring sensitive data to a wrong place or security breach of the communication link and it would have been within the level of ordinary skill in the art to employ this well known feature for the system of Kara to prevent theft of confidential information (e.g., credit card or debit account number).

44. Regarding claim 81:

Kara discloses data transmitted between said client system software and said server system software comprising encrypted information (*col. 6, lines 17-22*).

Claims 24, 25, 28, 29 and 31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kara in view of Talmadge as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Edelmann et al '246.

Kara in view of Talmadge discloses the method as stated supra. Further, Kara states that his invention may be utilized to transmit any form of indicia. □ (*Col. 15, lines 25-26*) without explicitly disclosing the value-bearing information comprising check information, coupon information or certificate information and the request comprising a check amount or a coupon amount. However, Edelmann shows various forms of indicia (*e.g., postage, parcel service, tax stamps, checks writing, ticket, and other similar indicia: col. 5, lines 17-23*). Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the method of Kara by employing the value-bearing information comprising any known indicia as shown by Edelmann as desired to detect fraudulent imprints on documents that require verification and authentication of a user.

Claims 57, 61 - 67 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kara in view of Talmadge as applied to claim 42 above, and "Information Based Indicia Program System Specification", USPS, (referred to hereinafter as IBIPSS).

45. Regarding claim 57:

Kara discloses the method as stated supra except for explicit disclosure of the secure communication between client system and server system being encrypted by a United States Postal

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Service compliant cryptographic device. However, as shown by IBIPSS (*see page 3-13, section 3.2.6.3*), the open system server shall prompt the user to apply (*register*) for a postage meter license and update the license as required by the DMM. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to employ the client system and server system being encrypted by a United States Postal Service compliant cryptographic device to establish a communication link with the United States Postal Service Central Meter Licensing System (USPS CMLS) for licensing of a user to satisfy the requirement.

46. Regarding claims 61 and 62:

Kara does not explicitly disclose that said server system communicating with the United States Postal Service Central Meter Licensing System (USPS CMLS) for processing of user licensing information. However, as shown by IBIPSS (*see page 3-13, section 3.2.6.3*), the open system server shall prompt the user to apply (*register*) for a postage meter license and update the license as required by the DMM. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to establish a communication link with the United States Postal Service Central Meter Licensing System (USPS CMLS) for licensing of a user to satisfy the requirement.

47. Regarding claim 63:

Kara discloses an on-line postage system for processing of user requests and obtaining postage indicia comprising:

a client system (*a first processor-based system*) for interfacing with a user;

a server system (*a second processor-based system*) in continuous and secure communication with said client system, comprising (*col. 6, lines 11-22*):

a communication server for communicating with client system (*col. 7, lines 18-36*);

a database server for storing user information (*col. 14, lines 24-30*);

a transaction server for processing of requests communicated to said server system by said client system (*col. 14, lines*);

a cryptographic device for encrypting communication between said client system and said server system (*col. 6, lines 20-23, i.e., "decrypting the received data packet" implies that the second processor-based system must have a cryptographic device*);

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a continuous communication link with a financial management system for processing user payments (*col. 13, lines 45-50, i.e., "the provider will demand payment from the bank card company concurrent with the postage demand."*).

Kara does not explicitly disclose either a firewall for ensuring the integrity of said server system against potential unauthorized access or a continuous communication link with the United States Postal Service Central Meter Licensing System (USPS CMLS) for licensing of a user. However, as shown by IBIPSS (*see page 3-13, section 3.2.6.3*), the open system server shall prompt the user to apply for a postage meter license and update the license as required by the DMM. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to establish a continuous communication link with the United States Postal Service Central Meter Licensing System (USPS CMLS) for licensing of a user to satisfy the requirement. Further, the communication link must be continuous with the USPS CMLS until the licensing of the user is finalized. Still further, Kara states that the server system can be used by a plurality of remotely located client systems and the client system provides security system to prevent unauthorized utilization of the postage metering system (*col. 4, lines 36-51*). Of course, a firewall is one of the well-known security systems in the art and the use of this well known feature at the server system would have been within the level of ordinary skill in the art, since it has been held that rearranging parts of an invention involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Japikse*, 86 USPQ 70.

48. Regarding claim 64:

IBIPSS disclose the use of a system software down-loadable from said server system to said client system (*see page 3-3, section 3.2.1.1*) to ensure the proper installation and configuration of the user system. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the system of Kara by adopting the teaching of IBIPSS to ensure the proper installation and configuration of the client system.

49. Regarding claim 65:

Kara discloses that said client system interfaces with at least one user (*col. 5, lines 65-67*).

50. Regarding claim 65: Kara discloses that said server system is accessible through an Internet portal (*col. 7, lines 25-27*).

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51. Regarding claim 67:

Kara discloses that said client system comprises administration software (*i.e.*, a *data communications program*) to monitor (*i.e.*, to *maintaining a link*, the *data communication program* has to *monitor the system*) said client system.

52. Examiner has pointed out particular references contained in the prior arts of record in the body of this action for the convenience of the applicant. Although the specified citations are representative of the teachings in the art and are applied to the specific limitations within the individual claim, other passages and figures may apply as well. It is respectfully requested from the applicant, in preparing the response, to consider fully the entire references as potentially teaching all or part of the claimed invention, as well as the context of the passage as taught by the prior arts or disclosed by the examiner.

Conclusion

53. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire **THREE MONTHS** from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within **TWO MONTHS** of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the **THREE-MONTH** shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than **SIX MONTHS** from the mailing date of this final action.

54. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kambiz Abdi whose telephone number is (703) 305-3364. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30 AM to 5:00 PM.

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55. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James P. Trammell can be reached on (703) 305-9768.

56. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Receptionist whose telephone number is (703)308-1113.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

**Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks
Washington D.C. 20231**

or faxed to:

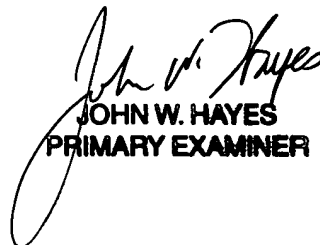
(703) 872-9306 [Official communications; including After Final communications labeled "Box AF"]

(703) 746-7749 [Informal/Draft communications, labeled "PROPOSED" or "DRAFT"]

Hand delivered responses should be brought to:

**Crystal Park 5, 2451 Crystal Drive
7th floor receptionist, Arlington, VA, 22202**

Abdi/K
October 19, 2003


**JOHN W. HAYES
PRIMARY EXAMINER**